

#### N. DE HOOP VLEI GORGE

#### Field note N3. Vlei bathymetry (submerged morphology)

The water level of the De Hoop Vlei (Figure 1) is constantly changing, and so is the depth to its bottom at any given point. To study the shape of the vlei floor a survey is required to measure and record the depths to the bottom.

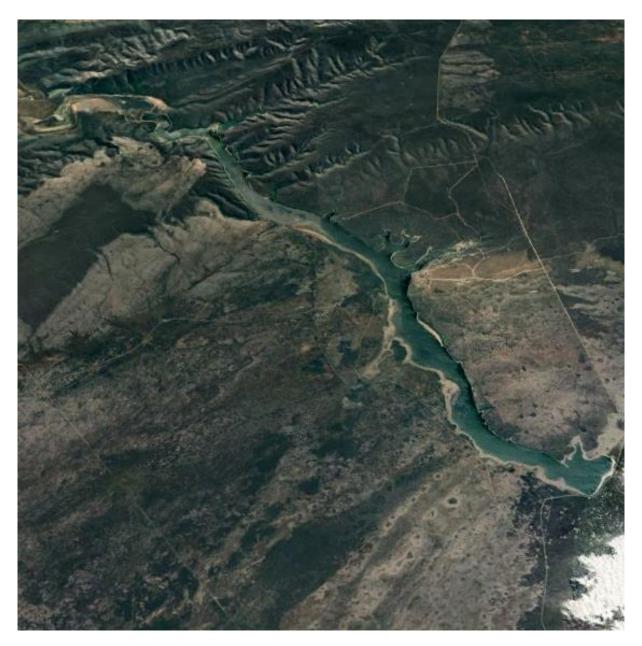


Figure 1. Satellite image of the De Hoop Vlei Gorge area.



Bathymetry data of the De Hoop Vlei was only obtained by the late S Butcher, as part of her 1993 thesis on the water regime of the De Hoop Vlei. Mrs Butcher ran several intersects across the vlei (Figures 2 to 9; all drawings are from the thesis). The profiles show the shape of the bottom of the vlei across its axis.

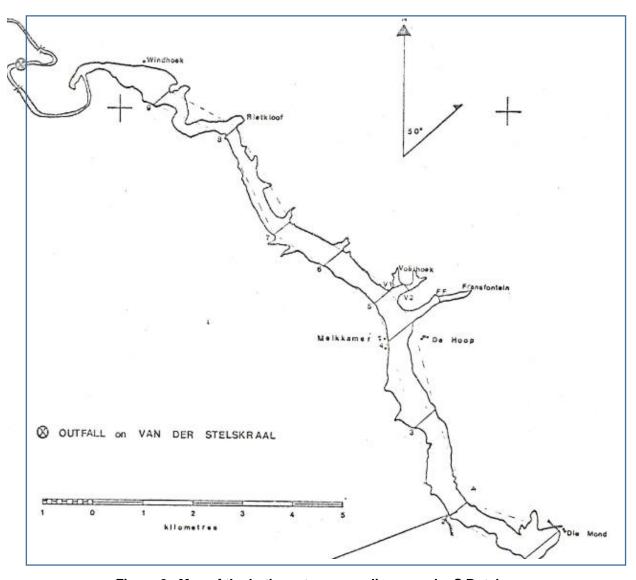


Figure 2. Map of the bathymetry survey lines, run by S Butcher.

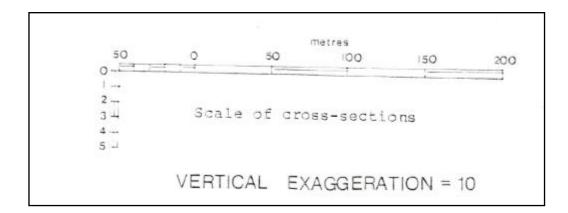


Figure 3. Scale of the bathymetry profiles.

# Field notes on the GEOMORPHOLOGY, HYDROLOGY and ARCHAEOLOGY



Between CAPE AGULHAS and CAPE INFANTA

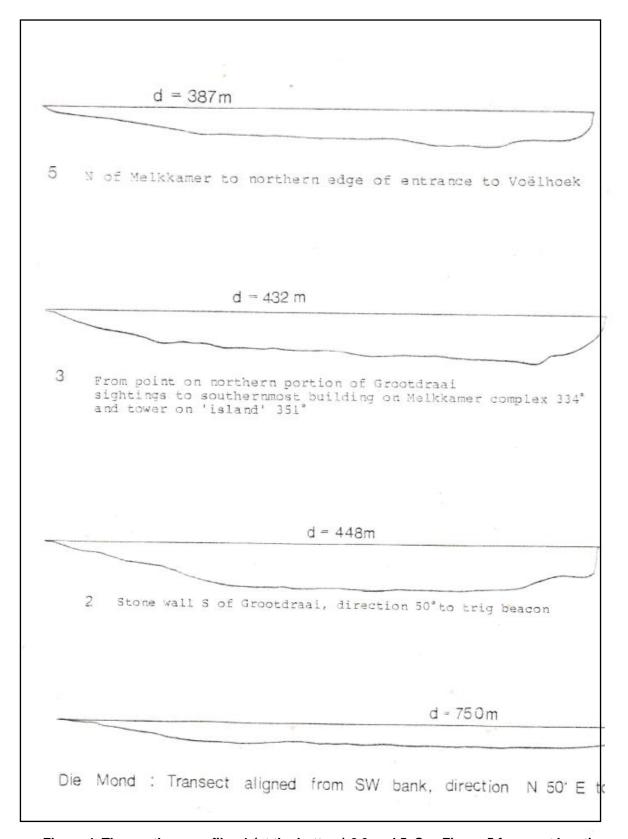


Figure 4. The southern profiles 1 (at the bottom) 2,3 and 5. See Figure 5 for exact locations.





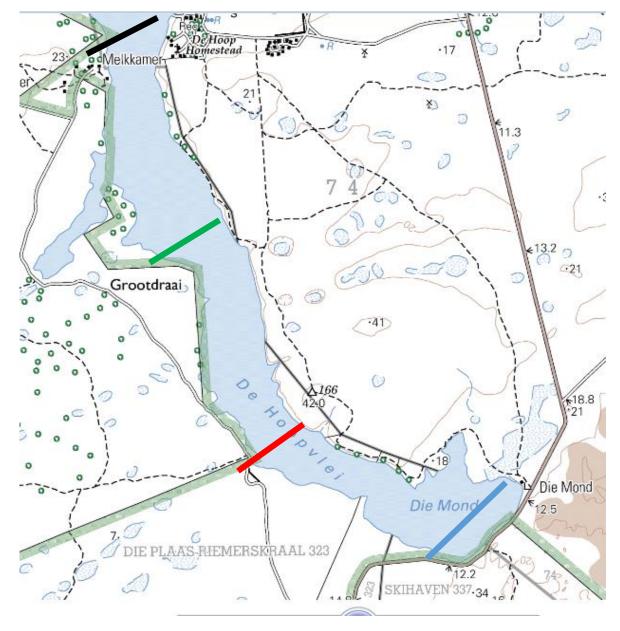


Figure 5. Locations of the southern profiles. 1- blue; 2 - red; 3- green; 4- black (profile not shown).



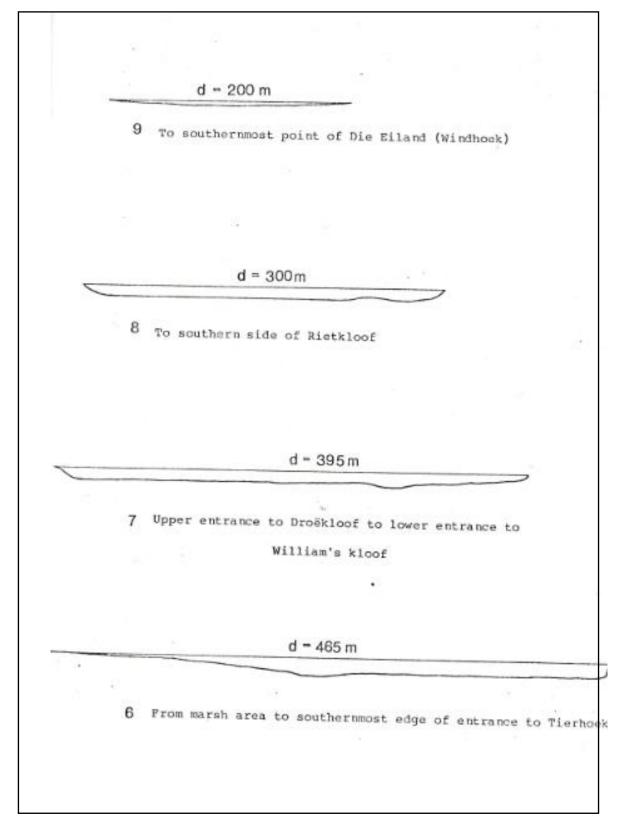


Figure 6. The northern profiles 6,7,8 and 9. See Figure 7 for exact locations.



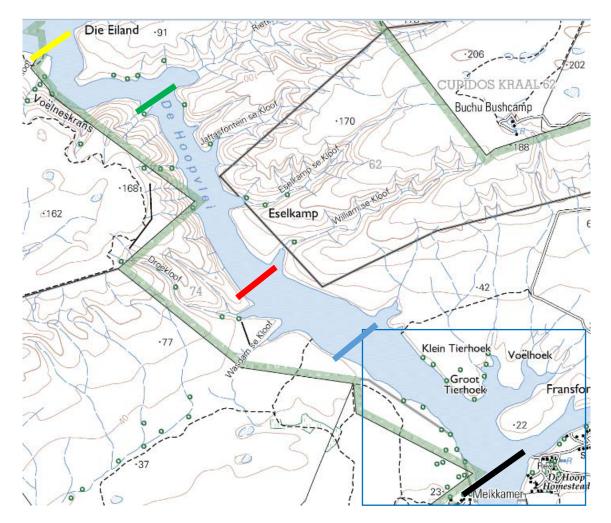


Figure 7. Locations of the northern profiles: 5- black; 6- blue; 7-red; 8- green; 9 - yellow.



Figure 8. Locations of the Fransfontein (FF, blue) and Voëlhoek profiles (V1, black) and V2, red) (enlargement of the box in Figure 7). See profiles in Figure 9.





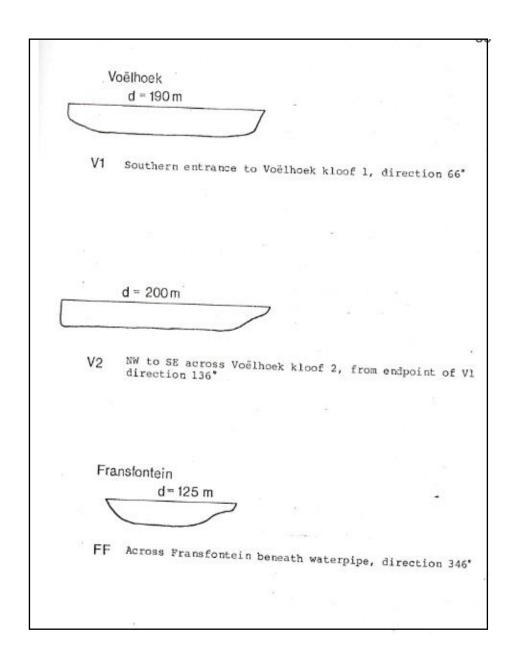


Figure 9. The FF, V1 and V2 profiles.

Summarising the above survey, the vlei bottom in the northern half is quite flat. The bottom of the southern half has somewhat deeper banks. The deepest part of the vlei is in the Fransfontein – Groot Tierhook area.

The above 9 profiles across the vlei (more than a kilometre apart on average) only provide partial picture of the vlei's floor. Comparing satellite images when the vlei level is relatively high with images when the level is lower (Figures 10 and 11), show that as the water level drops, the shore, at several points, is exposed from the banks into the vlei, and 'islands' and stonewalls emerge from the water (Figures 12 to 14).

Secrets of De Hoop and Environs



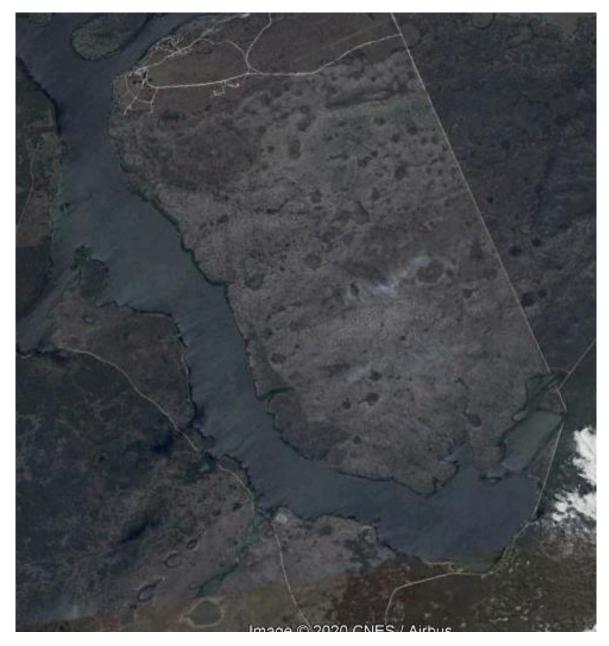


Figure 10. Satellite image of the De Hoop Veli when it was flooded.

Secrets of De Hoop and Environs





Figure 11. Satellite image of the De Hoop VIei after the water has receded. Arrows point to places where the shore delineation is different (yellow) and where 'islands' emerged (blue).

Secrets of De Hoop and Environs









Figure 12. Islands emerge through the surface when the water level in the vlei drops. Top and middle – the 'island' between the hotel and Melkkamer; bottom – an 'island' in Die Mond.





Figure 13. Arrow points to an extension of the shore into the middle of the vlei.



Figure 14. Stonewalls across the vlei are exposed.